Code: CS4T1

## II B.Tech - II Semester – Regular/Supplementary Examinations – April 2017

## COMPILER DESIGN (COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

Answer all the questions. All questions carry equal marks

 $11 \times 2 = 22$ 

1.

- a) Define Assemblers and Linkers.
- b) Differentiate between lexeme, token and pattern.
- c) Write the definitions for FIRST AND FOLLOW.
- d) Define Left Most Derivation (LMD), Right Most Derivation (RMD) and give example for each.
- e) Define handle with example.
- f) What are the advantages of LALR parsing over SLR and CLR methods?
- g) What are the various methods of implementing three address statements?
- h) What are the contents of activation record?
- i) Explain Stack allocation.
- j) What is basic block? Give an example.
- k) Define copy propagation and dead code elimination.

## PART - B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks.  $3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ M}$ 

- 2. Explain in detail the process of compilation. Illustrate the output of each phase of compilation for the input "a = (b + c) \* (b + c) \* 2" 16 M
- 3. a) What are the difficulties in top down parsing? Explain in detail.
  - b) Consider the following grammar

$$S \rightarrow (L) |a$$

$$L \rightarrow L, S \mid S$$

Construct leftmost derivations and parse trees for the following sentences:

9 M

- i) (a,(a,a))
- ii ) (a,((a,a),(a,a)))
- 4. a) What are the common conflicts that can be encountered in shift–reduce parser? 6 M
  - b) Construct SLR parsing table for the following grammar.

$$E \rightarrow E + T/T$$

$$T \rightarrow TF/F$$

$$F \rightarrow F^* | a | b$$
.

10 M

- 5. a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of static storage allocation strategy? 8 M
  - b) What is an activation record? Explain the components with example. 8 M
- 6. a) Explain in detail the Optimization technique "strength reduction". 4 M
  - b) What are the various machine dependent code optimization techniques? 6 M
  - c) Give a detailed account on loop optimization techniques.

6 M